UNITED NATIONS



Security Council

S/RES/605 (1987) 22 December 1987

Resolution 605 (1987)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 2777th meeting on 22 December 1987

The Security Council,

Having considered the letter dated 11 December 1987 from the Permanent Representative of Democratic Yemen to the United Nations, in his capacity as Chairman of the Arab Group for the month of December,

Bearing in mind the inalienable rights of all peoples recognized by the Charter of the United Nations and proclaimed by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Recalling its relevant resolutions on the situation in the Palestinian and other Arab territories, occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, and including its resolutions <u>446 (1979)</u>, <u>465 (1980)</u>, <u>497 (1981)</u> and <u>592 (1986)</u>,

Recalling also the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,

Gravely concerned and alarmed by the deteriorating situation in the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem,

Taking into account the need to consider measures for the impartial protection of the Palestinian civilian population under Israeli occupation,

Considering that the current policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, in the occupied territories are bound to have grave consequences for the endeavours to achieve comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East,

- 1. Strongly deplores those policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, which violate the human rights of the Palestinian people in the occupied territories, and in particular the opening of fire by the Israeli army, resulting in the killing and wounding of defenceless Palestinian civilians;
- 2. *Reaffirms* that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem;
- 3. Calls once again upon Israel, the occupying Power, to abide immediately and scrupulously by the

Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and to desist forthwith from its policies and practices that are in violation of the provisions of the Convention:

- 4. *Calls furthermore for* the exercise of the maximum restraint to contribute towards the establishment of peace;
- 5. Stresses the urgent need to reach a just, durable and peaceful settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict;
- 6. Requests the Secretary-General to examine the present situation in the occupied territories by all means available to him, and to submit a report no later than 20 January 1988 containing his recommendations on ways and means for ensuring the safety and protection of the Palestinian civilians under Israeli occupation;
- 7. *Decides* to keep the situation in the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israeli since 1967, including Jerusalem, under review.

Adopted at the 2727th meeting by 14 votes (Argentina, Bulgaria, China, Congo, Denmark, France, Federal Republic of Germany, Ghana, Italy, Japan, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Venezuela, Zambia) to none, with 1 abstention (United States of America).

<u>Source:</u> United Nations Information System on the Question of Palestine, Security Council Resolutions, http://domino.un.org/UNISPAL.NSF/vCouncilRes

<u>Source of Voting Records:</u> United Nations Bibliographic Information System, Dag Hammarskjold Library, http://www.un.org/Depts/dhl/unbisnet/index.html#voterecords