



Security Council

S/RES/573 (1985)
4 October 1985

Resolution 573 (1985)

*Adopted by the Security Council
at its 2615th meeting on 4 October 1985*

The Security Council,

Having considered the letter dated 1 October 1985 (S/17509) in which Tunisia made a complaint against Israel following the act of aggression which the latter committed against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Tunisia,

Having heard the statement by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Tunisia,

Having noted with concern that the Israeli attack has caused heavy loss of human life and extensive material damage,

Considering that, in accordance with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter of the United Nations, all members shall refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations,

Gravely concerned at the threat to peace and security in the Mediterranean region posed by the air raid perpetrated on 1 October 1985 by Israel in the area of Hamman-Plage, situated in the southern suburb of Tunis,

Drawing attention to the serious effect which the aggression carried out by Israel and all acts contrary to the Charter cannot but have on any initiative designed to establish an overall, just and lasting peace in the Middle East,

Considering that the Israeli Government claimed responsibility for the attack as soon as it had been carried out,

1. *Condemns* vigorously the act of armed aggression perpetrated by Israel against Tunisian territory in flagrant violation of the Charter of the United Nations, international law and norms of conduct;
2. *Demands* that Israel refrain from perpetrating such acts of aggression or from the threat to do so;
3. *Urgently requests* the States Members of the United Nations to take measures to dissuade Israel from resorting to such acts against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of all States;

4. *Considers* that Tunisia has the right to appropriate reparations as a result of the loss of human life and material damage which it has suffered and for which Israel has claimed responsibility;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to it on the implementation of this resolution by 30 November 1985 at the latest;

6. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.

Adopted at the 2615th meeting by 14 votes (Australia, Burkina Faso, China, Denmark, Egypt, France, India, Madagascar, Peru, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) to none, with 1 abstention (United States of America).

Source: *United Nations Information System on the Question of Palestine, Security Council Resolutions,* <http://domino.un.org/UNISPAL.NSF/vCouncilRes>

Source of Voting Records: *United Nations Bibliographic Information System, Dag Hammarskjold Library,* <http://www.un.org/Depts/dhl/unbisnet/index.html#voterecords>